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APPLICATION NO	Э.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/761,844 01/21/2004		01/21/2004	William C. Walton III	0261-005	3055
26108	7590	06/28/2006		EXAMINER	
		LS & VERDONIK,	CHEN, JOSE V		
SUITE 200 GENERATION PLAZA 1822 N.C. HIGHWAY 54 EAST				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
DURHAM	1, NC 27	713		3637	
				DATE MAILED: 06/28/2006	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Commence	10/761,844	WALTON, WILLIAM C.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	José V. Chen	3637					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION B6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	l. ely filed he mailing date of this communication. 0 (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 04/17	7/06.						
	action is non-final.						
· <u> </u>	tion for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-9 is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) 1-9 is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	•						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce		yaminer					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti	• , ,	• •					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex							
•							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		(D					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau 	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage					
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date		te: : atent Application (PTO-152)					

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

It is noted that all claims 1-9 will be examined.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Millier.

The patent to Millier teaches structure as claimed including first work surface, second work surface, hardware to allow for movement of the work trundle table.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

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Claims 2, 6-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Millier. The patent to Millier teaches structure substantially as claimed as discussed above including first and second work surface spaced at a distance from each. The spacing distance is a matter of desirability and ergonomics which would have been obvious and well within the level of ordinary skill in the art. The method of use would have been obvious in view of the structures as structures are entitled to all of its uses...

Claims 3, 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Millier as applied to the claims above, and further in view of Morrey. The patent to Millier teaches structure substantially as claimed as discussed above including a table top with peripheral guard, the only difference being that a sink is not included. However, the patent to Morrey teaches the use of providing a sink for a table to be old. It would have been obvious and well within the level of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify the structure of Millier to include a sink, as taught by Morrey since such structure is conventional structure used in the same intended purpose, thereby providing structure as claimed. The provision of a peripheral guard at desired locations to preclude movement is well known and commercially available.

Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Millier as applied to the claims above, and further in view of Tilley. The patent to Millier teaches structure substantially as claimed as discussed above including a trundle table structure, the only difference being that an additional storage structure, such as drawer is not shown. However, the patent to Tilley teaches the use of additional drawers or storage structure to be old. It would have been obvious and well within the level of

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ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify the structure of Millier to include additional drawers, as taught by Tilley since such structure is conventional alternative structures providing additional storage, thereby providing structure as claimed.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The patents to Hart, Clarke, Beddawi, Kamp et al, Philips et al, Lahmann, Davis,, Japanese 5-68613 teach structure similar to applicant's.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to José V. Chen whose telephone number is (571)272-6865. The examiner can normally be reached on m-f,m-th 5:30am-3:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lanna Mai can be reached on (571)272-6867. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) of 571-272-1000.

Primary Examiner

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Chen/jvc 06-20-06